

NORTH CAROLINA

Agricultural Water Use

2011



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NORTH CAROLINA

2011 Agricultural Water Use Survey

The fourth statewide survey was conducted to document water use for the agricultural sector during 2011. As directed in legislation enacted in 2008 (SL2008-0143), the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Agricultural Statistics Division, is required to collect annual information from farmers who withdraw 10,000 gallons or more in any one day. Individual responses remain confidential and are only used in combination with other reports to produce totals.

Farmers who use over 1,000,000 gallons in any one day are required to report their water usage directly to the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR). DENR's report can be found on [http://www.ncwater.org/Permits and Registration/Water Withdrawal and Transfer Registration/report](http://www.ncwater.org/Permits_and_Registration/Water_Withdrawal_and_Transfer_Registration/report).

When looking at agricultural water use from a total volume withdrawn perspective, table 1 on page 3 is most representative of total water use. Because farms that withdraw the largest amounts of water do not make those withdrawals every day, the average daily use across all 365 days of the year is most representative of relative volumes used. On average, farm operations that use irrigation will withdraw water about 19 days each month. Field crop operations use water even less often, primarily to supplement rainfall. While there are other agricultural users of water, including livestock and poultry producers, aquaculture farms, and others, the largest volume of water use is from irrigators. The average North Carolina farm that uses water does so infrequently and in relatively small amounts. Table 2 on page 6 displays "demand" use, which is calculated by dividing the total water withdrawn for the month by the days applied.

The results of this survey reflect water withdrawals from ground and surface sources. Many comparisons across sectors will incorporate an estimate of consumptive use of withdrawals. The definition of a consumptive use varies depending on the source. Most experts in agricultural sciences consider consumptive use to be the amount of water that is either taken up by plants, or evaporated. According to an Economic Research Service (USDA) report, irrigation consumptive use on farms is about 61 percent of total withdrawals nationally. This can vary greatly between regions depending on the type of system used and efficiency of the irrigation equipment.

Of the farms surveyed in the state, 1,308 withdrew over 10,000 gallons of water in any one day. The year began with most of the state experiencing abnormally dry to severe drought conditions. In March, conditions improved in the mountains but declined at the coast deteriorating to extreme drought by July. August found the mountain counties falling into abnormally dry conditions, but the

rest of the state began recovering with enough rain to restore the northeastern counties to normal. Conditions gradually improved in much of the state through October. Abnormally dry and moderate drought conditions continued to be found in the center and southwestern portions of the state. July was the largest water use month in 2011, averaging 173.4 million gallons daily, with a maximum daily withdrawal of 379.5 million gallons. The annual average daily water use for 2011 was 70.3 million gallons. The daily withdrawal capacity for the 1,308 operations totaled 1,036.2 million gallons in 2011.

A questionnaire was mailed to operations which had potential for large water usage. Operations that did not respond were contacted by telephone follow-up. In addition, livestock and poultry contractors in the state were contacted by email, phone, or mail.

The unique number of operations, the annual average daily ground and surface usage, as well as the capacity is published by county and by hydrologic unit codes (HUC). The capacity is the potential amount of ground and/or surface water that could be withdrawn in a 24-hour period. The published capacity represents the sum of capacities for all reporting operations in that county or HUC. In nearly all cases, this capacity was never met. Data was not disclosed if there were less than three operations in any category or if one report comprised 60 percent or more of the total.

One survey instrument was used to gather data for the whole state as well as for the Central Coastal Plain Capacity Use Area (CCPCUA). Results for the CCPCUA are summarized and published in a separate table.

**Table 1: Total & Average Daily Water Withdrawn ¹
2011 North Carolina Water Use by Month**

| Month | # Operations | Monthly Total-Ground | Monthly Total-Surface | Average Across All Days-Ground | Average Across All Days-Surface |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | <i>Count</i> | <i>Gallons</i> | <i>Gallons</i> | <i>Gallons</i> | <i>Gallons</i> |
| January | 785 | 352,687,278 | 498,522,071 | 11,377,009 | 16,081,357 |
| February | 801 | 318,380,816 | 456,926,165 | 11,370,743 | 16,318,792 |
| March | 860 | 623,806,091 | 715,862,896 | 20,122,777 | 23,092,351 |
| April | 932 | 696,159,305 | 902,539,489 | 23,205,310 | 30,084,650 |
| May | 995 | 958,841,319 | 1,471,826,232 | 30,930,365 | 47,478,266 |
| June | 1126 | 1,414,309,167 | 2,928,587,753 | 47,143,639 | 97,619,592 |
| July | 1207 | 1,569,713,341 | 3,805,700,350 | 50,635,914 | 122,764,527 |
| August | 1108 | 1,389,295,715 | 2,652,539,265 | 44,815,991 | 85,565,783 |
| September | 921 | 658,868,409 | 1,349,455,033 | 21,962,280 | 44,981,834 |
| October | 842 | 412,527,178 | 850,730,658 | 13,307,328 | 27,442,924 |
| November | 791 | 365,215,345 | 534,005,466 | 12,173,845 | 17,800,182 |
| December | 761 | 332,384,109 | 513,012,552 | 10,722,068 | 16,548,792 |
| Annual Average | | | | 24,813,939 | 45,481,588 |

Operations:

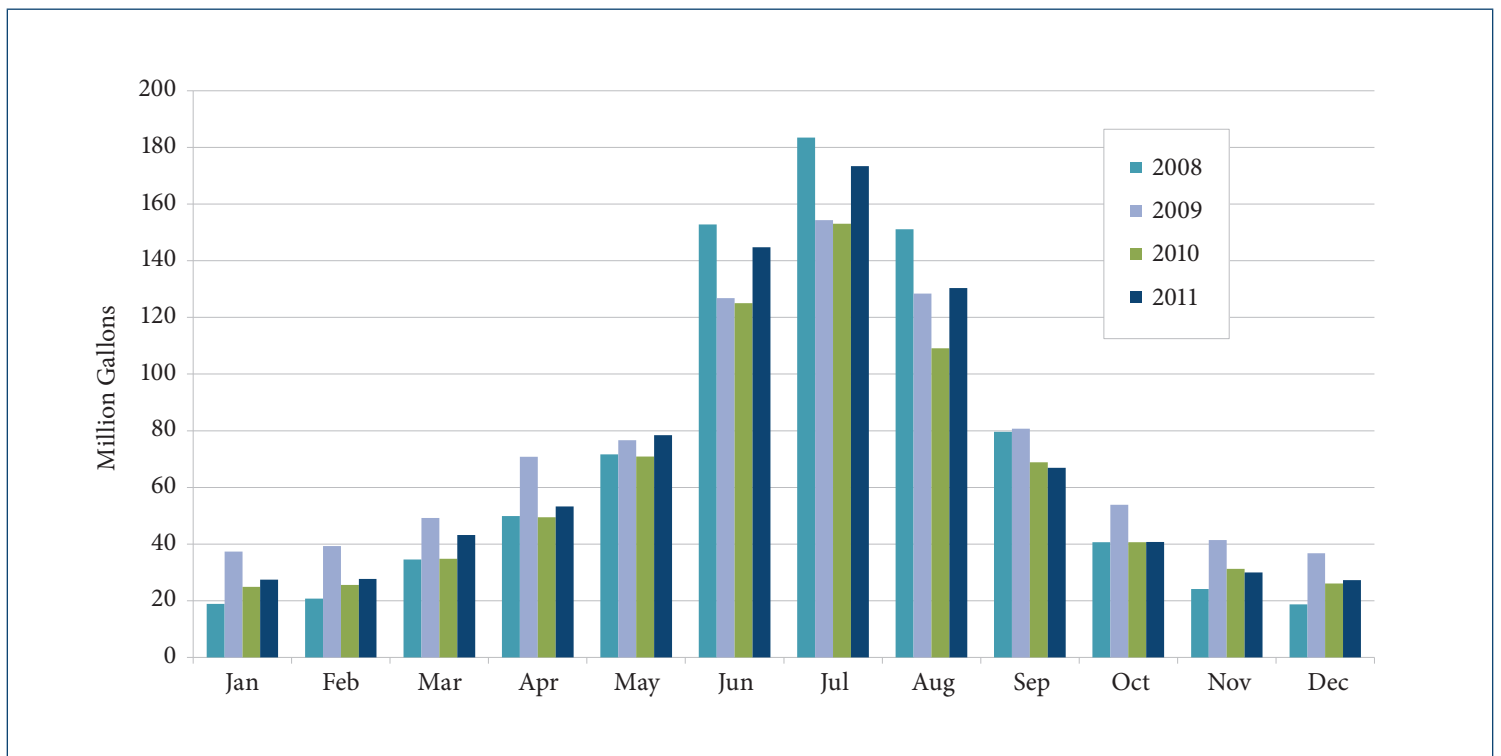
1308 Total Operations

Daily Withdrawal Capacity (incl. ground & surface):

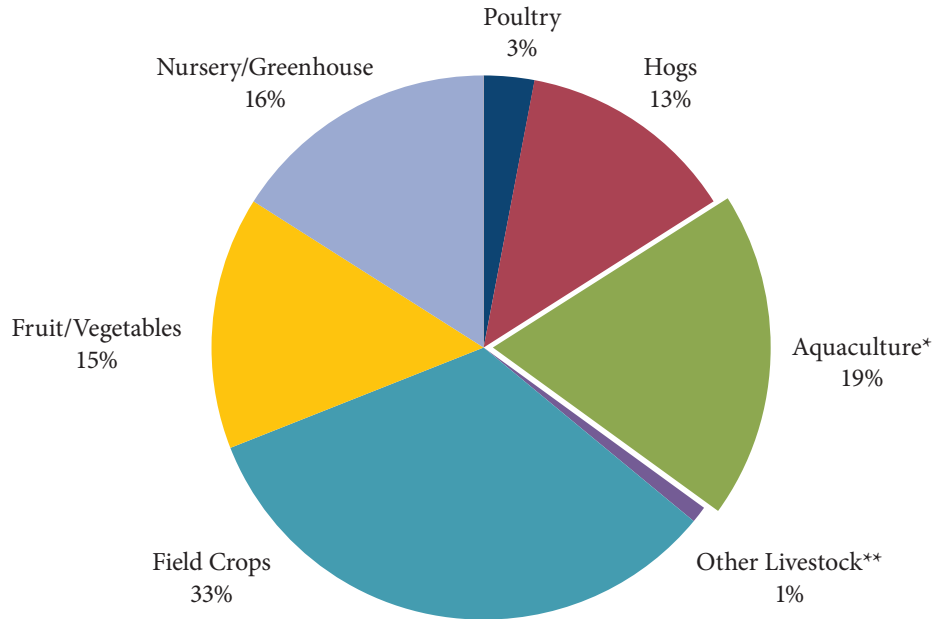
1,036,242,866 Gallons

¹ Users of 10,000 gallons or more per day. Averages reported in this table reflect the average water withdrawn across all days of the month. Farms that reported their withdrawals directly to DENR by May 21, 2012 have been excluded. The monthly number of operations will not add to the total. Some operations reported both surface and ground water withdrawals, which are counted twice in the monthly number of operations. However, the total number of operations represents operations that withdrew water at any time during the year, regardless if withdrawn from multiple sources.

**Average Across All Days
Ground & Surface Water Withdrawals
2008–2011**



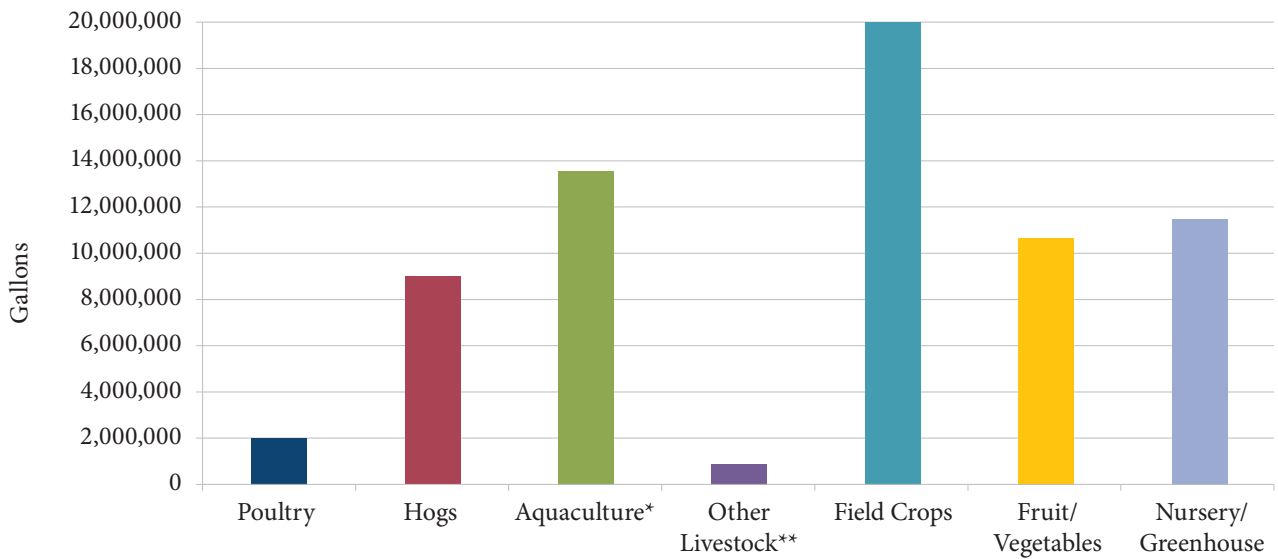
Annual Water Withdrawals by Percent



* 97% of aquaculture water withdrawals occur in western counties from rivers and streams and are typically flow through/non-consumptive.

** Other Livestock includes cattle, horses, goats, sheep, etc.

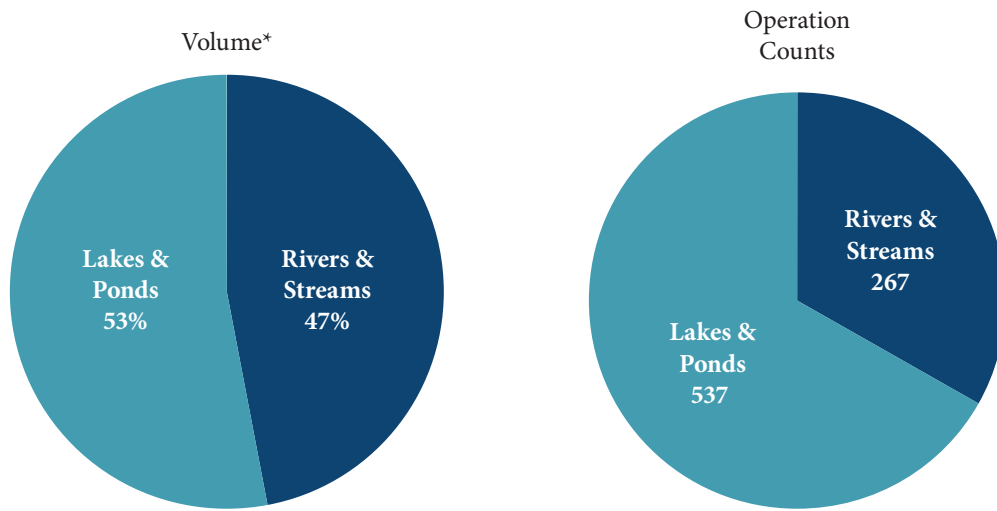
Average Daily Water Withdrawals



* 97% of aquaculture water withdrawals occur in western counties from rivers and streams and are typically flow through/non-consumptive.

** Other Livestock includes cattle, horses, goats, sheep, etc.

Annual Surface Water Withdrawals



** 33% of River & Stream Withdrawals are made by aquaculture operations from the western portion of the state and are typically flow through/ non-consumptive.*



Table 2: Demand Use for Days Applied ¹
2011 North Carolina Water Use by Month

| Month | Average Days Applied Ground | Average Days Applied Surface | Total Avg. Daily-Ground | Total Avg. Daily-Surface | Total Max Daily-Ground | Total Max Daily-Surface |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| | <i>Days</i> | <i>Days</i> | <i>Gallons</i> | <i>Gallons</i> | <i>Gallons</i> | <i>Gallons</i> |
| January | 29 | 19 | 13,511,831 | 20,970,898 | 15,700,053 | 21,169,862 |
| February | 26 | 16 | 14,825,898 | 21,275,176 | 18,587,530 | 21,424,929 |
| March | 28 | 16 | 30,658,407 | 42,807,394 | 45,057,360 | 43,254,213 |
| April | 27 | 16 | 33,863,468 | 70,002,519 | 44,604,293 | 74,095,311 |
| May | 28 | 17 | 54,429,810 | 103,659,799 | 76,903,706 | 111,666,341 |
| June | 27 | 16 | 76,628,955 | 202,469,805 | 99,747,690 | 218,852,971 |
| July | 28 | 17 | 80,565,957 | 235,551,535 | 99,295,823 | 280,157,078 |
| August | 28 | 17 | 75,689,509 | 182,563,448 | 96,635,104 | 199,381,737 |
| September | 27 | 17 | 31,998,788 | 84,601,106 | 40,662,219 | 91,996,586 |
| October | 29 | 17 | 17,867,742 | 38,725,959 | 24,029,911 | 40,271,668 |
| November | 27 | 17 | 15,750,682 | 24,425,312 | 21,460,929 | 24,766,579 |
| December | 28 | 19 | 13,569,630 | 21,040,612 | 16,829,981 | 21,168,542 |
| Annual Average | | | 38,280,056 | 87,341,130 | | |

¹ Users of 10,000 gallons or more per day. Averages reported in this table reflect the average water withdrawn during the days of application. Farms that reported their withdrawals directly to DENR by May 21, 2012 have been excluded.



2011 North Carolina Water Use County Summary

| County | Unique Operations ¹ | Annual Average Daily ² Ground | Annual Average Daily ² Surface | Daily Withdrawal Capacity ³ |
|-------------|--------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | <i>Count</i> | <i>Gallons</i> | <i>Gallons</i> | <i>Gallons</i> |
| Alexander | 3 | 13,875 | * | 92,000 |
| Anson | 10 | 116,760 | * | 2,141,572 |
| Bertie | 13 | 125,530 | 1,145,503 | 37,229,800 |
| Bladen | 77 | 1,425,622 | 1,594,838 | 101,957,431 |
| Buncombe | 7 | * | 154,167 | 2,632,480 |
| Burke | 4 | * | 122,987 | 8,048,000 |
| Cabarrus | 7 | 45,108 | * | 4,235,960 |
| Caswell | 19 | * | 316,699 | 14,527,800 |
| Catawba | 8 | * | 1,122,346 | 9,163,800 |
| Chatham | 7 | 30,198 | * | 671,540 |
| Chowan | 10 | * | 1,146,576 | 16,788,600 |
| Cleveland | 6 | * | 15,108 | 2,063,080 |
| Columbus | 19 | 1,281,878 | 193,624 | 9,198,129 |
| Duplin | 131 | 2,302,780 | 222,526 | 22,574,819 |
| Edgecombe | 16 | 104,524 | 1,731,828 | 29,315,384 |
| Franklin | 16 | 28,932 | 443,943 | 12,506,360 |
| Gaston | 3 | * | 54,246 | 1,170,880 |
| Granville | 19 | * | 313,589 | 26,919,740 |
| Greene | 26 | * | 247,008 | 37,117,112 |
| Guilford | 14 | * | 347,216 | 9,105,800 |
| Halifax | 9 | * | 776,462 | 7,637,368 |
| Harnett | 22 | 135,182 | 186,803 | 8,505,614 |
| Hertford | 10 | 54,921 | 1,296,607 | 27,328,391 |
| Iredell | 8 | 50,315 | 94,878 | 7,968,400 |
| Johnston | 39 | 571,861 | 2,122,301 | 30,075,080 |
| Jones | 19 | 182,281 | * | 5,371,289 |
| Lee | 11 | 25,814 | 181,702 | 9,943,080 |
| Lenoir | 22 | 220,874 | 535,729 | 10,333,800 |
| Montgomery | 16 | 50,425 | 691,053 | 11,068,520 |
| Moore | 25 | 58,366 | 271,293 | 15,286,200 |
| Nash | 28 | 124,135 | 1,869,417 | 31,556,400 |
| Northampton | 10 | 271,059 | 131,485 | 7,968,310 |
| Onslow | 12 | 114,443 | * | 2,050,800 |
| Orange | 10 | 35,890 | 62,080 | 3,967,480 |
| Pender | 29 | 477,494 | 679,238 | 47,367,324 |

| County | Unique Operations ¹ | Annual Average Daily ² Ground | Annual Average Daily ² Surface | Daily Withdrawal Capacity ³ |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | <i>Count</i> | <i>Gallons</i> | <i>Gallons</i> | <i>Gallons</i> |
| Person | 14 | 10,966 | 509,334 | 14,803,390 |
| Pitt | 17 | 361,228 | 141,810 | 10,389,816 |
| Randolph | 21 | 118,663 | 385,411 | 9,824,680 |
| Richmond | 15 | 181,716 | * | 9,517,797 |
| Robeson | 52 | 3,785,756 | * | 83,748,749 |
| Rockingham | 25 | * | 615,365 | 29,815,952 |
| Rowan | 11 | * | 936,730 | 13,637,200 |
| Sampson | 134 | * | 941,072 | 57,206,510 |
| Scotland | 23 | 589,576 | * | 9,374,996 |
| Stanly | 3 | 20,852 | * | 366,800 |
| Surry | 14 | 88,547 | * | 10,800,400 |
| Union | 28 | 230,425 | * | 14,010,210 |
| Vance | 8 | * | 274,063 | 9,823,000 |
| Wake | 33 | 105,163 | 1,000,294 | 26,076,368 |
| Warren | 15 | 74,090 | 299,653 | 8,835,010 |
| Washington | 9 | 148,466 | * | 3,049,327 |
| Wayne | 35 | 599,070 | 194,071 | 9,737,573 |
| Wilkes | 11 | 66,818 | * | 2,745,760 |
| Yadkin | 6 | 78,464 | * | 5,205,600 |
| Other Counties ⁴ | 149 | 10,505,870 | 22,112,534 | 133,385,385 |
| State | 1,308 | 24,813,939 | 45,481,588 | 1,036,242,866 |

* Disclosure - one operation is greater than 60% of total or less than 3 operations. ¹ Represents the unique # of operations which withdrew surface and or ground water. ² Represents the average across all 365 days of the year ³ includes ground and surface. ⁴ Includes non-disclosed data from the table above and all data for Alamance, Alleghany, Ashe, Avery, Beaufort, Brunswick, Caldwell, Camden, Carteret, Cherokee, Clay, Craven, Cumberland, Currituck, Dare, Davidson, Davie, Durham, Forsyth, Gates, Graham, Haywood, Henderson, Hoke, Hyde, Jackson, Lincoln, McDowell, Macon, Madison, Martin, Mecklenburg, Mitchell, New Hanover, Pamlico, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Polk, Rutherford, Stokes, Swain, Transylvania, Tyrrell, Watauga, Wilson, Yancey, as well as non-disclosed data from the published counties.

2011 North Carolina Water Use - Hydrologic Unit Code Summary

| Hydrologic Unit Code | Unique Operations ¹ | Annual Average Daily ² Ground | Annual Average Daily ² Surface | Daily Withdrawal Capacity ³ |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---|--|
| | <i>Count</i> | <i>Gallons</i> | <i>Gallons</i> | <i>Gallons</i> |
| 03010103 | 21 | * | 374,878 | 12,549,472 |
| 03010104 | 24 | * | 615,125 | 23,147,690 |
| 03010107 | 23 | 402,633 | 1,415,269 | 36,391,733 |
| 03010203 | 21 | 154,471 | 2,745,289 | 51,114,991 |
| 03010205 | 17 | 133,066 | 246,405 | 9,294,127 |
| 03020101 | 55 | 106,989 | 1,995,147 | 70,028,300 |
| 03020102 | 18 | 87,668 | 918,958 | 12,859,152 |
| 03020103 | 29 | 362,069 | 1,615,341 | 29,673,749 |
| 03020201 | 86 | 601,944 | 3,045,665 | 73,033,273 |
| 03020202 | 43 | 508,187 | 618,264 | 22,021,584 |
| 03020203 | 53 | 579,804 | 969,666 | 56,092,380 |
| 03020204 | 17 | 165,135 | * | 2,654,298 |
| 03020301 | 5 | 35,464 | * | 458,000 |
| 03020302 | 11 | 131,488 | * | 2,015,400 |
| 03030002 | 50 | 128,990 | 967,952 | 45,965,008 |
| 03030003 | 46 | 171,896 | 699,744 | 26,690,340 |
| 03030004 | 42 | 396,877 | 1,272,226 | 24,536,253 |
| 03030006 | 180 | * | 2,297,381 | 135,592,029 |
| 03030007 | 181 | 3,066,502 | 1,199,361 | 67,225,712 |
| 03040101 | 39 | 200,730 | 1,690,429 | 23,507,760 |
| 03040102 | 13 | 98,920 | * | 10,911,600 |
| 03040103 | 16 | 89,666 | 939,582 | 16,351,040 |
| 03040104 | 16 | 93,974 | 70,444 | 3,580,052 |
| 03040105 | 42 | 737,470 | * | 33,177,870 |
| 03040203 | 68 | 1,869,079 | 751,517 | 40,416,692 |
| 03040204 | 42 | 3,044,186 | * | 71,146,879 |
| 03040206 | 27 | 1,285,008 | * | 6,083,429 |
| 03050101 | 16 | 35,470 | * | 17,312,800 |
| 03050102 | 10 | 87,459 | 1,238,974 | 8,566,600 |
| 03050105 | 12 | * | 182,043 | 4,407,880 |
| 06010105 | 13 | 178,670 | 363,502 | 11,485,360 |
| Other Counties ⁴ | 72 | 10,060,121 | 19,248,425 | 87,951,414 |
| State | 1,308 | 24,813,939 | 45,481,588 | 1,036,242,866 |

* Disclosure - one operation is greater than 60% of total or less than 3 operations. ¹ Represents the unique # of operations which withdrew surface and/or ground water. ² Represents the average across all 365 days of the year. ³ Includes ground and surface. ⁴ Includes non-disclosed data from the table above and all data for 3010102,03010204,03020104, 03020105,03030005, 03040201,03050103, 05050001,06010103, 06010106, 06010108, 06010202, 06010203, 06020002.

2011 Central Coastal Plain Total Water Use by Month ¹

| Month | # Operations | Average Across All Days-Ground | Average Across All Days-Surface | Total Max Daily-Ground | Total Max Daily-Surface |
|----------------|--------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| | <i>Count</i> | <i>Gallons</i> | <i>Gallons</i> | <i>Gallons</i> | <i>Gallons</i> |
| January | 241 | 4,111,036 | 261,409 | 5,050,066 | 266,040 |
| February | 245 | 4,002,939 | 262,563 | 5,196,360 | 266,072 |
| March | 253 | 4,503,722 | 763,507 | 7,869,553 | 1,420,689 |
| April | 263 | 4,699,161 | 1,239,860 | 8,956,349 | 4,871,316 |
| May | 270 | 5,088,040 | 4,019,576 | 9,956,049 | 9,567,873 |
| June | 294 | 6,586,825 | 11,795,068 | 13,007,480 | 36,991,414 |
| July | 295 | 6,801,484 | 14,439,703 | 13,271,340 | 56,317,457 |
| August | 261 | 5,643,488 | 5,361,156 | 10,193,282 | 13,316,534 |
| September | 245 | 4,841,729 | 1,919,404 | 7,870,013 | 2,941,013 |
| October | 239 | 4,174,434 | 937,241 | 5,672,650 | 1,434,435 |
| November | 231 | 3,991,847 | 490,862 | 4,864,616 | 594,362 |
| December | 230 | 3,729,082 | 261,543 | 4,714,144 | 265,090 |
| Annual Average | | 4,847,816 | 3,479,324 | | |

Operations:

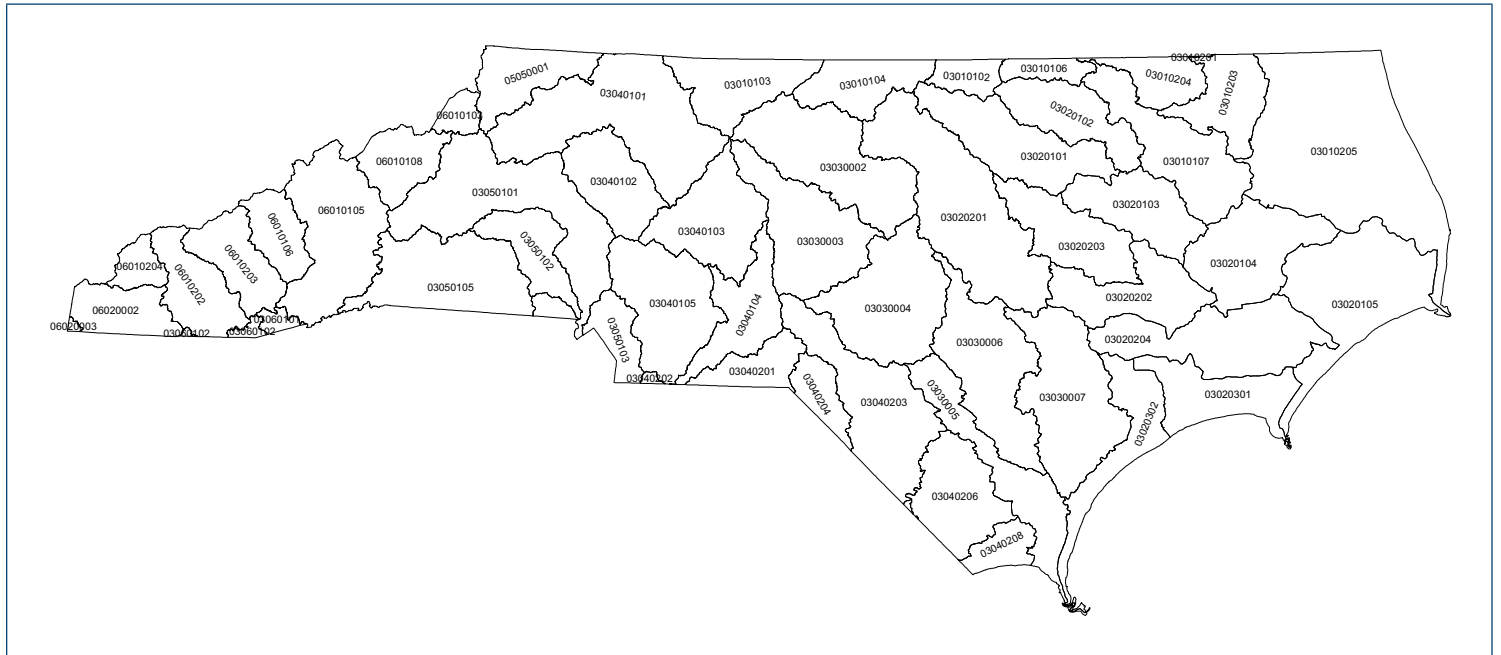
320 Total Operations

Daily Withdrawal Capacity (incl. ground & surface):

155,541,607 Gallons

¹ Users of 10,000 gallons or more per day. Averages reported in this table reflect the average water withdrawn across all days of the month. Does not include farms that have reported their withdrawals directly to DENR by May 21, 2012. The number of operations represents operations that withdrew water at any time during the year. Central Coastal Plain Counties include Beaufort, Carteret, Craven, Duplin, Edgecombe, Greene, Jones, Lenoir, Martin, Onslow, Pamlico, Pitt, Washington, Wayne, and Wilson.

Hydrologic Unit Codes (HUC)



Statistical Defensibility

The North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services' Agricultural Statistics Division conducted a census of all known farm operations in North Carolina which had farming types that could potentially use more than 10,000 gallons of water in one day. More than 3,500 such operations were contacted and included farms with a history of withdrawing more than 10,000 gallons on any one day. Also included were operations with large numbers of poultry, hogs, cattle, aquaculture, fruits, vegetables, nursery/ greenhouse crops, tobacco, or other field crops which are often irrigated. An 89% response rate was attained via mail, phone, or electronically via the web or email. Historical data for all respondents was reviewed to insure comparability with previous surveys. Operations were offered work sheets which assisted them, if necessary, in reporting their withdrawals.

The Census of Agriculture List, the most comprehensive source of farms, was used as the basis for this survey. Although no under-coverage estimator has been applied, the list of NC farmers is expanded on a daily basis as new operations are discovered through routine list building activities. Since agricultural operations that withdraw at least 10,000 gallons of water per day tend to be larger, more intensive farms, under-coverage for this survey is minimal based on historic surveys with similar operations.

Taking the above steps, including conducting a census of all known farm operations that use 10,000 gallons of water on any one day, results in zero sampling error around the estimates and **minimal** non-sampling and coverage error. Prior to the 2008 NC Agricultural Water Use Survey, there was no official statistically defensible data set to represent agricultural water use in North Carolina.