

Insect Control ~~Practice~~System

Definition/Purpose

An Insect Control system means a practice or combination of practices (planting windbreaks, pre-charging structures, incorporation of waste into soil, etc.) which manages or controls insects from confined animal operations, waste treatment and storage structures, and waste applied to agricultural land. (DIP)

Policies

1. Consideration will be given to practices to minimize insects as listed in the Insect Control Checklist appendix of the 1217 Interagency Group Guidance Document.
- 1.2. ~~Novel or Un~~proven technology or techniques must be approved or recommended by the [NCSU Animal and Poultry Waste Management Center](#).
- 2.3. ~~Consideration will be given to practices to minimize insects as listed in the Insect Control Checklist appendix of the 1217 Interagency Group Guidance Document Attachment 10 of the Fourth Guidance Memo dated January 2, 1997.~~
4. Each insect control BMP or contract with an insect control BMP must be approved by the ~~Technical Review Committee~~[TRC Subcommittee for Waste Management Measures](#). The TRC Subcommittee may refer the proposed BMP to the Technical Review Committee for additional guidance or review.
- 3.5. An approved waste management plan that meets NRCS standards is required for all contracts. The plan must be revised, if necessary, to meet any changes in the operation which alter the waste management needs of the operation.

INSECT CONTROL PRACTICE<u>SYSTEM</u>	
Maintenance Period	10 years
BMP Units	EACH
Required Effects	ACRES_AFFECTED ANIMAL TYPE ANIMAL UNITS N and P Waste Managed
JAA/NRCS standards unless otherwise noted	Professional Engineer Or NRCS Field Office Technical Guide as appropriate.
NRCS standards and specifications	NRCS Field Office Technical Guide as appropriate
CS2 Reference	NC-ACSP-11 Signature Page

Agriculture Cost Share Program

Materials	Map with BMP location, fields, and roads- NC WMP Form <u>Waste Management Plan</u>
Additional Spot-check Requirements	All waste management systems for operations not permitted by the Division of Water Resources must be spot-checked annually for five years following implementation.